

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF BUFFALO COUNTY, NEBRASKA

RYSTA LEONA SUSMAN, BOTH)	CASE NO.: CI 19-0158
INDIVIDUALLY AND AS NATURAL)	
MOTHER OF SHANE ALLEN)	
LOVELAND, A PROTECTED PERSON,)	
SHANE ALLEN LOVELAND, A)	
PROTECTED PERSON BY AND)	AMENDED MOTION FOR ENTRY OF A
THROUGH HIS TEMPORARY)	CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT
GUARDIAN AND CONSERVATOR, JOHN)	AND PROTECTIVE ORDER
SAUDER, AND JACOB SUMMERS,)	
)	
Plaintiffs,)	
)	
vs.)	
)	
KEARNEY TOWING & REPAIR CENTER,)	
INC., A NEBRASKA CORPORATION,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

COMES NOW Kearney Towing & Repair Center, Inc. (“Kearney”), by and through its attorneys, and moves this Court to enter a Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order concerning the disclosure of certain confidential information and depositions of Kearney’s representatives. In support of this motion, Kearney states:

This matter will involve the production of confidential trade secret, financial, process, marketing, health, business, and/or other commercial information within the meaning of Neb. R. Disc. § 6-326(c)(7). Said rule provides that disclosure or discovery may be had on specific terms and conditions, and states that a court may enter an order to protect the dissemination of “trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information.” Neb. R. Disc. § 6-326(c)(7). The proposed Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order has been submitted to the Court’s chambers as required by local rules. This Protective Order mimics the terms and conditions proposed by Goodyear tire in the related case filed by these Plaintiffs against Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. See *Susman, et. al. v. The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company*, U.S. District Court for Nebraska, Case No. CI 8:18-CV-00127.

Kearney further requests a protective order prohibiting Plaintiffs from noticing the deposition of Kearney’s employees or representatives if those individuals have been deposed in the case these Plaintiffs against Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. because the cases revolve around

the same Plaintiffs, truck, tire, and incident. This motion is made pursuant to Neb. R. Disc. § 6-326(c) which allows for the entry of a protective order to prevent a party from being unduly burdened. This motion is intended to prevent Kearney's representatives and employees from being subjected to multiple depositions for these two cases that are substantially related in both factual and legal issues. Notably, Nebraska's Rules of Civil Procedure are patterned after the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, which mandate the entry of a protective order to prevent unreasonably cumulative or duplicative discovery. Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c).

WHEREFORE, Kearney respectfully moves this Court to enter the proposed Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order limiting the disclosure of certain confidential documents and information as set forth in the Proposed Protective Order. Kearney further requests that the Court's Order require leave of Court to duplicate the deposition of any Kearney representatives or employees that have previously been deposed in the case titled *Susman, et. al. v. The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company*, U.S. District Court for Nebraska, Case No. CI 8:18-CV-00127. Kearney further requests any other relief that the Court deems just and necessary.

KEARNEY TOWING & REPAIR CENTER, INC.,
A Nebraska Corporation, Defendant

By: 
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NOTICE OF HEARING

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT the above matter will come for hearing on the 20th day of September, 2019, before the Honorable John H. Marsh, Buffalo County Courthouse, 1512 Central Avenue, Kearney, NE 68845 at 9:30 a.m., or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on August 5, 2019 a copy of the above and foregoing was electronically mailed to the following at the email address listed below:

Michael F. Coyle Fraser Stryker PC LLO 500 Energy Plaza 409 South 17 th Street Omaha, NE 68102 mcoyle@fraserstryker.com Attorney for Plaintiffs	Skip Edward Lynch Kaster Lynch Farrar & Ball LLP 1010 Lamar, Suite 1600 Houston, TX 77002 Skip@thetirelawyers.com Attorney for Plaintiffs
Paul E. Godlewski Schwebel Goetz & Sieben, P.A. 5120 IDS Center 80 S. 8th Street, #5120 Minneapolis, MN 55402 pgodlewski@schwebel.com Attorney for Plaintiffs	Kyle Farrar Farrar & Ball LLP 1010 Lamar, Suite 1600 Houston, TX 77002 Kyle@fbtrial.com Attorney for Plaintiffs

/s/ Kristina J. Kamler

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF BUFFALO COUNTY, NEBRASKA

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THROUGH HIS TEMPORARY)	AMENDED
GUARDIAN AND CONSERVATOR, JOHN)	PROPOSED CONFIDENTIALITY
SAUDER, AND JACOB SUMMERS,)	AGREEMENT AND PROTECTIVE
)	ORDER
Plaintiffs,)	
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KEARNEY TOWING & REPAIR CENTER,)	
INC., A NEBRASKA CORPORATION,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

This matter is before the Court on Defendant's Motion for a Protective Order. This motion is granted. Plaintiffs must obtain leave of this Court to depose any representative or employee of Defendant Kearney Towing & Repair Center, Inc. that has previously been deposed in the case titled: *Susman, et. al. v. The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company*, U.S. District Court for Nebraska, Case No. CI 8:18-CV-00127.

In addition, the following terms and conditions apply to the disclosure of written material in this case.

1. Applicability of Order. This Order will govern the handling of documents, depositions, deposition exhibits, interrogatory responses, responses to requests for admissions, responses to requests for production of documents, and all other discovery obtained pursuant to the Nebraska Rules of Civil Procedure or which is voluntarily produced without regard to the use of the Nebraska Rules of Civil Procedure by or from any party, person, or entity in connection with the Litigation (this information hereinafter referred to as "Discovery Material"). As used herein, "Producing Party" or "Disclosing Party" shall refer to the parties to this action that give testimony or produce documents or other information, and "Receiving Party" shall refer to the parties to this action that receive such information. This Order does not govern trial proceedings in this Litigation. Nothing in this Order will prevent counsel from using Confidential Information in connection with any

work product created by or on behalf of that counsel. However, work product containing Confidential Information will remain as Confidential Information that may not be shared with any entity or person except as otherwise provided in this Order.

2. Designation of Material. Any Producing Party may designate Discovery Material that is in their possession, custody, or control to be produced to a Receiving Party as “Confidential” under the terms of this Order if the Producing Party in good faith reasonably believes that such Discovery Material contains non-public, Confidential Information as defined in paragraph 4, below.

3. Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.

4. Confidential Information. For purposes of this Order, Confidential Information is any information that a party believes in good faith to be confidential information, including trade secrets, research, design, development, financial, technical, marketing, planning, personal, or commercial information, as such terms are used in all applicable Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Defend Trade Secrets Act. To the extent that any party believes that another country’s law or procedural rule provides applicable protections for Confidential Information that vary from the Nebraska Rules of Civil Procedure or the Defend Trade Secrets Act, such party will provide notice of that other country’s law or procedural rule and of its applicability to documents that are not otherwise protected by Nebraska or United States law or procedure. Each party reserves its right to assert or contest the applicability of such foreign law.

5. Confidential Information – Heightened Protection. For purposes of this Order, Confidential Information requiring Heightened Protection is Confidential Information that a party believes in good faith requires further restrictions, consistent with the Nebraska Rules of Civil Procedure.

6. Designating Confidential Information. The designation of Discovery Material as Confidential Information for purposes of this Order shall be made in the following manner:

- a. Documents. In the case of documents or other materials (apart from depositions or other pre-trial testimony), designation shall be made by unobtrusively affixing the legend

“CONFIDENTIAL – THIS DOCUMENT PRODUCED UNDER COURT ORDER FOR USE IN SUSMAN, ET AL. v. KEARNEY TOWING & REPAIR CENTER, INC., AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WHATSOEVER”

or

“CONFIDENTIAL – HEIGHTENED PROTECTION – THIS DOCUMENT PRODUCED UNDER COURT ORDER FOR USE IN SUSMAN, ET AL. v. KEARNEY TOWING & REPAIR CENTER, INC., AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WHATSOEVER”

- b. Depositions and Other Proceedings. In the case of depositions or other pre-trial testimony, designation of the portion(s) of the transcript (including exhibits) that contains Confidential Information shall be made (i) by a statement to such effect on the record during the proceeding in which the testimony is received, or (ii) by written notice served on counsel of record in this Litigation within thirty (30) business days after the receipt of the transcript of such proceeding. However, before such thirty (30) day period expires, all testimony, exhibits and transcripts of depositions or other testimony shall be available only to those persons described in paragraph 9(a)-(b).
- c. Non-Written Materials. Any electronic, visual, or other Confidential Information not on paper shall be designated as identified in Paragraph 6(a) on the exterior surface of the container or object that contains the electronic, visual or other non-paper Confidential Information. In addition, the Disclosing Party shall use its best efforts to affix the legend described in Paragraph 6(a) to any electronic, visual, or other medium so that the legend is visible while the medium is being viewed. All parties recognize that native format documents cannot be so marked and to the extent that native format documents are produced, the producing party will make reasonable provision for marking native format documents in connection with transmission or retention of such documents on office systems.
- d. In the event that a Receiving Party generates any copy or excerpt of such electronic, visual or other medium, whether in the same or another format, the person who generates such copy shall place the same confidential designation identified in Paragraph 6(a) on the copy or excerpt.

7. Inadvertent Disclosure. The inadvertent failure to designate Discovery Material as Confidential does not constitute a waiver of such claim and may be remedied by providing the other party with supplemental written notice within 10 days upon discovery of the inadvertent disclosure, with the effect that such Discovery Material will be subject to the protections of this Order.

8. Notes of Confidential Information. Any notes, lists, memoranda, work product, indices or compilations prepared or based on an examination of Confidential Information that quote from or paraphrase Confidential Information with such specificity that the Confidential Information can be identified, or by reasonable logical extension can be identified, shall be accorded the same status of confidentiality as the underlying Confidential Information from which they are made and shall be subject to all of the terms of this Protective Order.

9. Notice to Non-Parties. Any party issuing a subpoena to a non-party shall enclose a copy of this Protective Order with a request that, within ten (10) calendar days, the non-party either request the protection of this Protective Order or notify the issuing party that the non-party does not need the protection of this Protective Order or wishes to seek different protection.

10. Persons Authorized to Receive Confidential Information. Discovery Material designated “**CONFIDENTIAL**” as identified in Paragraph 6(a), or documents derived from such material, may be disclosed, summarized, described, characterized, or otherwise communicated or made available, in whole or in part, only to the following persons:

- a. The Court, persons employed by the Court who are necessary for the handling of the Litigation, and court reporters transcribing the testimony or argument at a hearing, trial, or deposition in this Litigation or any appeal therefrom;
- b. Counsel of record in this Litigation, as well as paralegals and technical, administrative, and clerical employees working under the direct supervision of such counsel;
- c. Experts or consultants assisting any counsel of record in this Litigation, provided that such experts and consultants have signed “Agreement Concerning Information Covered by Protective Order” attached hereto as Exhibit A (hereinafter “Agreement”);
- d. Individual named as plaintiffs who have a need to know such information for purposes of this Litigation;
- e. Officers, directors, or employees of parties who have a need to know such information for purposes of this Litigation and who have been designated as witnesses pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(6);
- f. Graphics, translation, or design services retained by counsel of record in this Litigation for purposes of this Litigation, provided that the providers of such services have signed the Agreement. A signature by an authorized representative of the company must additionally confirm that they have advised the relevant employees of their

confidentiality obligations in this Order and have taken reasonable steps to ensure that such employees comply with this Order;

- g. Commercial copy and/or electronic discovery-related vendors retained by counsel of record in this action for purposes of this Litigation provided that such vendors have signed the Agreement. A signature by an authorized representative of the company must additionally confirm that they have advised the relevant employees of the confidentiality obligations in this Order and have taken reasonable steps to ensure that such employees comply with this Order;
- h. Witnesses in depositions, hearings or trial. During their depositions, witnesses in the Litigation who are shown properly marked Confidential Information shall be advised that the Court Order in this Litigation requires them to maintain the confidentiality of such information. In the event that the attorney for the party showing such marked Confidential Information fails to advise the witness of this obligation, a counsel for another party may immediately advise the witness of the Order and the obligations imposed on the witness;
- i. Any person indicated by a document marked as Confidential Information to be an author, addressee, or copy recipient of the Confidential Information, or as to whom there has been testimony, whether at deposition or trial, or by declaration or affidavit, that the person was the author or recipient of the Confidential Information; and
- j. Any other person who has signed the Agreement and only upon: (1) stipulation of the Producing Party or (2) order of the Court.

11. Persons Authorized to Receive Confidential Information – Heightened Protection. Discovery Material designated “**CONFIDENTIAL – HEIGHTENED PROTECTION**” as identified in Paragraph 6(a), or documents derived from such material, may be disclosed, summarized, described, characterized, or otherwise communicated or made available, in whole or in part, only to the following persons:

- a. The Court, persons employed by the Court who are necessary for the handling of the Litigation, and court reporters transcribing testimony or argument at a hearing, trial, or deposition in this Litigation or any appeal therefrom;
- b. Counsel of record in this Litigation, as well as paralegals and technical, administrative, and clerical employees working under the direct supervision of such counsel;

- c. Experts or consultants assisting any counsel of record in this Litigation, provided such experts and consultants have been identified to counsel prior to production of the documents to them, such experts or consultants have signed the Agreement, and which signed Agreement will be forwarded to counsel for the Producing Party in advance of production of the documents;
- d. Witnesses during depositions, hearings and trial. During their depositions, witnesses in the Litigation who are shown properly marked Confidential - Heightened Protection Information shall be advised that the Court Order in this Litigation requires them to maintain the confidentiality of such information. In the event that the attorney for the party showing such marked Confidential – Heightened Protection Information fails to advise the witness of this obligation, a counsel for another party may immediately advise the witness of the Order and the obligations imposed on the witness;
- e. Any person indicated by a document marked as Confidential – Heightened Protection Information to be an author, addressee, or copy recipient of the Confidential – Heightened Protection Information, or as to whom there has been testimony, whether at deposition or trial, or by declaration or affidavit, that the person was the author or recipient of the Confidential Information;
- f. Any other person who has signed the Agreement and only upon: (1) stipulation of the Producing Party or (2) order of the Court.

12. Use of Discovery Material. Discovery Material containing Confidential Information shall be used solely for purposes of the Litigation, including any appeal and retrial. Any person or entity in possession of Discovery Material designated Confidential shall maintain those materials in accordance with this Order.

13. Storage of Confidential Information. The recipient of any Confidential Information that is provided under this Protective Order shall use his/her/its best efforts to maintain such information in a reasonably secure and safe manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order. No Confidential – Heightened Protection Documents shall be transmitted by email to a covered person, but shall only be transmitted on discs or other physical media.

14. Filing of Confidential Information. Without written permission from the Producing Party or a court order, a party may not file any Confidential Information in the public record in this Litigation. The parties shall comply with the applicable Local Rules when seeking to file

Confidential Information under seal. Additionally, within seven (7) days from the date that the papers (or portions thereof) were filed under seal consistent with the above procedures, the party who filed the papers under seal also shall file in the public record a version of the papers that has been redacted to omit the Confidential Information (or any references thereto).

15. Challenging Designation of Materials. A party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of a Confidential Information designation at the time it is made, and failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge thereto during the pendency of this Litigation.

- a. **Challenge.** The Receiving Party may challenge the propriety of a Confidential Information designation by providing to the Producing Party a writing which briefly: (i) identifies with reasonable particularity the documents and/or information that are the subject of the challenge; and (ii) describes the basic legal or factual grounds for the challenge.
- b. **Meet-and-Confer and Motion.** Once a challenge is made, the parties shall meet-and-confer regarding the appropriateness of the designation. Thereafter, either party may move for an appropriate order either (i) to confirm the confidentiality of the information or (ii) to seek to have that designation removed and the Discovery Material produced or generated without the confidentiality legend described in Paragraph 6(a). Regardless of which party files a motion, the burden of proof and the burden of persuasion in such motion remains with the designating party.
- c. **Status of Challenged Designation Pending Judicial Determination.** Until the Court enters this Protective Order or rules on any challenge to a Confidential Information designation made under this section, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

16. No Waiver of Privilege. Disclosure (including production) of information that a Party or non-party later claims should not have been disclosed because of a privilege, including, but not limited to, the attorney-client privilege or work product doctrine ("Privileged Information"), shall not constitute a waiver of, or estoppel as to, any claim of attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product, or other ground for withholding production as to which the Producing Party would be entitled in the litigation or any other federal or state proceeding. This Order is intended to provide the full protection afforded by Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d). Upon discovery by a Producing Party (or upon receipt of notice from another party) that it did or may

have produced Privileged Information, the Producing Party shall, within ten (10) days of such discovery, request the return of such information in writing by identifying the Privileged Information and stating the basis on which the Privileged Information should be withheld from production. After being notified, all Receiving Parties must promptly sequester the Privileged Information and any copies they have; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; and must take reasonable steps to retrieve the Privileged Information if they disclosed the Privileged Information before being notified. If no objection is made to the Producing Party's privilege claim, then within twenty (20) days, all Receiving Parties shall destroy the original and all copies of the designated Privileged Information. All Receiving Parties shall promptly certify the destruction to the Producing Party in writing. If any Party disputes the privilege claim ("Objecting Party"), that Objecting Party shall notify the Producing Party and all other parties to the action of the dispute and the basis therefore in writing within twenty (20) days of receipt of the request for the return of the Privileged Information. The Parties thereafter shall meet and confer in good faith regarding the disputed claim within fourteen (14) days. In the event that the Parties do not resolve their dispute, either Party may bring a motion for a determination of whether a privilege applies. If such a motion is made, the moving party shall submit to the Court, under seal and for *in camera* review, a copy of the disputed information in connection with its motion papers. This *in camera* submission to the Court shall not constitute a waiver of any privilege or protection. The Producing Party must preserve the information claimed to be privileged or otherwise protected until the claim is resolved. If the Court upholds the privilege, all Receiving Parties must promptly destroy the original, all copies and must promptly certify the destruction in writing to the Producing Party. Except as expressly set forth herein, nothing in this provision shall limit the bases on which the Objecting Party may challenge the assertion of any privilege or protection by the Producing Party. In addition, nothing in this provision shall permit the Producing Party to seek to withhold or take back a previously-produced document in this Litigation, if that document was the subject of deposition testimony in this Litigation and the Producing Party did not provide notice, as described above, within twenty (20) days after the deposition, that the document was privileged or protected and should be returned.

17. Additional Parties or Attorneys. In the event that additional parties join or intervene in this action, the newly joined parties shall not have access to Confidential Information until counsel for each such party has executed the Agreement and agrees to be fully bound by this Order. If any

additional attorneys make appearances in this Litigation, those attorneys shall not have access to Confidential Information until they execute the Agreement.

18. Protective Order Remains In Force. This Protective Order shall remain in force and effect until modified, superseded, or terminated by consent of the parties or by order of the Court made upon reasonable written notice. Unless otherwise ordered or agreed upon by the parties, this Protective Order shall survive the termination of this action. The Court retains jurisdiction even after termination of this action to enforce this Protective Order and to make such amendments, modifications, deletions, and/or additions to this Protective Order as the Court may from time-to-time deem appropriate.

19. No Prejudice For Further Relief. This Protective Order is without prejudice to the right of any party to seek other or further relief from the Court.

20. No Waiver of Grounds For Producing Material. This Protective Order shall not be construed as waiving any right to assert a claim of privilege, relevance, overbreadth, undue burden, or other grounds for not producing material called for, and access to such material shall be only as otherwise provided by the discovery rules and other applicable laws.

21. Conclusion of Litigation. Within thirty (30) days after receiving notice of the entry of an order, judgment, or decree finally disposing of this Litigation with no further right of appeal by any person or entity, persons having received Confidential Information shall either return such material, including any notes of Confidential Information as set forth in Paragraph 8 (above), and all copies thereof, to counsel for the Producing Party, or shall destroy all such Confidential Information and, in either case, shall certify that fact to counsel for the Producing Party. Counsel of record shall make arrangements for the return of Confidential Information that counsel of record provided to any persons or entities in Paragraphs 10 or 11 (above), except the Court, court personnel, and court reporters. Within this thirty (30) day period, Counsel shall also serve on counsel for the Producing Party copies of all signed Agreements obtained in accordance with any disclosure or provision of Confidential Information made pursuant to Paragraphs 10 or 11 (above). Counsel of record for the parties shall be entitled to retain court papers, depositions, and trial transcripts, provided that retained materials will continue to be covered by this Protective Order. All material returned to the parties or their counsel by the Court shall likewise be disposed of in accordance with this paragraph. A Producing Party may, at any time following the conclusion of this Litigation, advise a Receiving Party of its obligations under this paragraph and the Receiving

Party shall either return the Confidential Information or certify its destruction within the 30 days provided above in this paragraph.

22. Use in Litigation or Appeal. In the event that any Confidential Information is proposed for use in any court proceeding other than trial in this Litigation or any appeal therefrom, Counsel shall comply with all applicable local rules and shall confer on such procedures that are necessary to protect the confidentiality of any documents, information, and transcripts used in the course of any court proceedings, including petitioning the Court to close the courtroom.

23. Protected Material Subpoenaed or Ordered Produced in Other Actions. If any Receiving Party or any person receiving documents through a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena, order, interrogatory, document or civil investigative demand, or any other legal demand (collectively, a “Demand”) issued in any other action, investigation, or proceeding, and such Demand seeks Discovery Material that was produced or designated as Confidential Information by someone other than the Receiving Party, the Receiving Party shall give prompt written notice by hand, overnight courier, email, or facsimile transmission within seven (7) business days of receipt of such Demand to the person, party, or third party who produced or designated the material as Confidential Information, and shall object to the production of such materials on the grounds of the existence of this Order. The burden of opposing the enforcement of the Demand shall fall upon the Producing Party.

24. Advice Based on Discovery Material Allowed. Nothing in this Protective Order shall bar or otherwise restrict any attorney from rendering advice to his client with respect to this Litigation and, in the course of rendering advice, referring to or relying generally on the examination of Confidential Information.

25. Redaction Allowed. Any Producing Party may redact from the documents and things it produced any information, text, or other matter that the Producing Party claims is subject to attorney-client privilege, work product immunity, a legal prohibition against disclosure, private or personal information as defined in Paragraph 4. The Producing Party shall mark each thing where matter has been redacted with a legend stating, “REDACTED,” or a comparable notice. Where a document consists of more than one page, at least each page on which information has been redacted shall be so marked. The Producing Party shall preserve an unredacted version of each such document and will produce a redaction log stating the nature of the material redacted and the basis for redaction no later than forty-five (45) days following the production of the document(s)

containing redacted material. The privilege and redaction logs are to be produced in electronic and searchable format.

26. Violations of Protective Order. In the event that any person or party should violate the terms of this Protective Order, or threatens to do so, the aggrieved Disclosing Party may apply to the Court for relief against any such person or party violating or threatening to violate any of the terms of this Protective Order. In the event that the aggrieved Disclosing Party seeks injunctive relief, it must apply to or move before the Judge issuing this Order. In the event that the issuing Judge is not available to hear such application or motion, the matter may be heard by another Judge of the District Court for Buffalo County, Nebraska. The parties and any other person subject to the terms of this Protective Order agree that this Court shall retain jurisdiction over it and them for the purpose of enforcing this Protective Order.

27. Right to Seek Modification. The parties reserve the right to apply to the Court for an order modifying this Order or seeking further protections against discovery or other use of Confidential Information. Any protected third party requiring further confidentiality protection than is provided by this Order may petition the Court for a separate order governing disclosure of its Confidential Information.

28. Headings. The headings herein are provided only for the convenience of the parties and are not intended to define or limit the scope of the express terms of this Protective Order.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 2019.

BY THE COURT:

EXHIBIT A

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF BUFFALO COUNTY, NEBRASKA

RYSTA LEONA SUSMAN, BOTH)	CASE NO.: CI 19-0158
INDIVIDUALLY AND AS NATURAL)	
MOTHER OF SHANE ALLEN)	
LOVELAND, A PROTECTED PERSON,)	
SHANE ALLEN LOVELAND, A)	
PROTECTED PERSON BY AND)	AGREEMENT CONCERNING
THROUGH HIS TEMPORARY)	MATERIAL COVERED BY
GUARDIAN AND CONSERVATOR, JOHN)	PROTECTIVE ORDER ENTERED IN
SAUDER, AND JACOB SUMMERS,)	THE DISTRICT COURT FOR BUFFALO
)	COUNTY, NEBRASKA
Plaintiffs,)	
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vs.)	
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KEARNEY TOWING & REPAIR CENTER,)	
INC., A NEBRASKA CORPORATION,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

The undersigned states, subject to the penalties for perjury:

1. I hereby acknowledge that I have read and understand the terms of the attached Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order (“Protective Order”) entered in the case of Rysta Leona Susman, both individually and as Legal Guardian of Shane Allen Loveland, et. al., v. Kearney Towing & Repair Center, Inc. I acknowledge and understand that a violation of the Protective Order could be punishable as a contempt of Court.

2. I have been furnished a copy of the Protective Order entered in this case restricting the use of Confidential information.

3. I have received the following documents marked “CONFIDENTIAL – THIS DOCUMENT PRODUCED UNDER COURT ORDER FOR USE IN SUSMAN, ET AL. v. THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WHATSOEVER.”

4. I have received the following documents marked "CONFIDENTIAL - HEIGHTENED PROTECTION - THIS DOCUMENT PRODUCED UNDER COURT ORDER FOR USE IN SUSMAN, ET AL. v. THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE WHATSOEVER."

5. I promise to abide by the Protective Order with respect to Confidential documents and information furnished to me in this litigation.

6. As a condition to receipt of documents marked Confidential in this litigation, I consent to personal jurisdiction over me in the District of Buffalo County, Nebraska, solely for the purpose of enforcing the Protective Order.

Signed: _____

Print Name

Contact Address, Phone Number

Executed in _____, _____, County of _____.

[City]